

# Assembling the ORCA v1 Robotic Hand

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# ORCA v1 Robotic Hand

Overview | Preparation | Dividing Tasks | Tips



ORCA v1 features [1]

Open-source  
Reliable  
Cost-effective  
Anthropomorphic Robotic Hand

- Tendon driven
- 17 independent degrees of freedom (DoF)
- Soft silicone skin

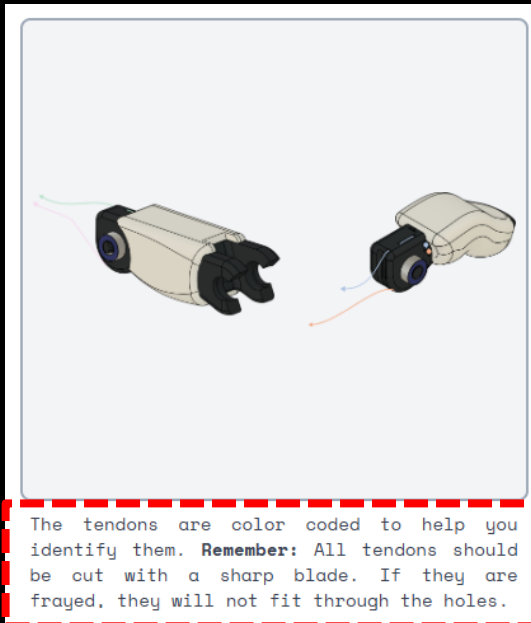
1. Clemens C. Christoph, Maximilian Eberlein, Filippas Katsimalis, Arturo Roberti, Aristotelis Sympetheros, Michel R. Vogt, Davide Liconti, Chenyu Yang, Barnabas Gavin Cangan, Ronan J. Hinchet, and Robert K. Katzschmann. Orca: An open-source, reliable, cost-effective, anthropomorphic robotic hand for uninterrupted dexterous task learning. arXiv preprint arXiv:2504.04259, 2025.

# Assembly Instructions

Overview | Preparation | Dividing Tasks | Tips



Please read the text under each picture carefully to avoid mistakes



[www.orcahand.com](http://www.orcahand.com) > CAD/Assembly



**CAD/Assembly** | Paper | GitHub | BOM | Order | Team

**Welcome Filippos!**  
We've prepared all the files for you to get started with the **ORCA v1 Hand**:

① We are releasing **ORCA v1** without sensors at this time, as we are still improving the reliability of the sensor version, which will be available later this year.

**Assembly Instructions** | CAD Files and Electronics

**Overview** Show Less

00 About tendons and knots	01 Fingertip Tendon Routing	02 PP Tendon Routing
03 Abduction Routing	05 Finger Assembly	06 Thumb Abduction Tendon Routing
07 Thumb Assembly	08 Skin to Carpal	09 Teflon tubing in Carpal
10 Index to Carpal Assembly	11 Thumb to Carpal Assembly	12 Carpal Gear and Rods
13 Teflon tubing in top tower	14 Top tower wrist belt tensioning screws	15 Wrist Servo Assembly
16 Wrist Servo Placement	17 Carpal to top tower	18 Carpal Bearing Covers
19 Tensioning wrist belt	20 Setting Up Dynamixels	21 Spool assembly and attaching to servo
22 Attaching PCBs to tower	23 Attaching Servos to tower	24 Rod stoppers to tower

# Additional Hardware

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Item	Quantity	Comments
Tendon	16m	
PCB Motor Connectors	12	Later this week
Cooling Fans	2	Later this week
Dowel Pin 2x6mm	15	
Dowel Pin 4x10mm	1	
Threaded Rods M6x130mm	2	Later this week
M6 Nut for Threaded Rods	4	
Screw M4x16mm	2	
Screw M4x14mm	4	
Washer M4	6	
Nut M4 Hexagonal	4	
Nut M4 Square	2	
Dowel Pin 3x50mm	2	
Nut M2 Hexagonal	16	
Screw M2x10mm	16	
Washer M2	20	
Screw M2x4mm	68	
Screw M1.7x8mm	9	
Silicone Skins	10	Later this week

# Labeling Dynamixels

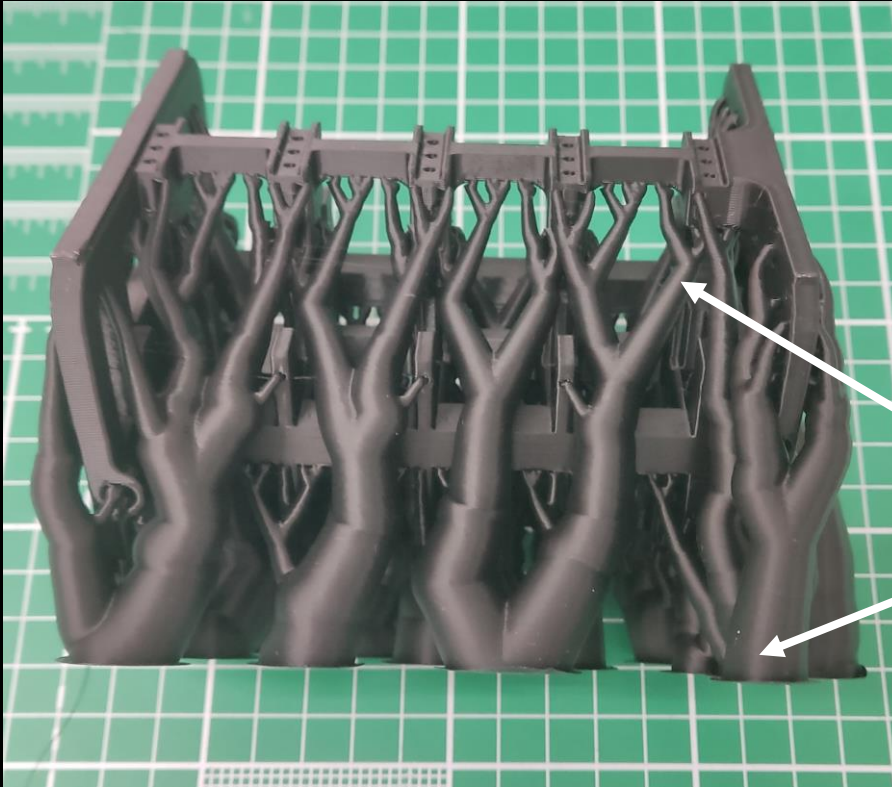
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Please make sure not to remove the label on the bottom of the servos. This label is used internally for identification.



# Removing Supports

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- Use pliers
- Break away support structures without damaging the parts

Supports



Keep a safe distance between your eyes and the part during support removal!

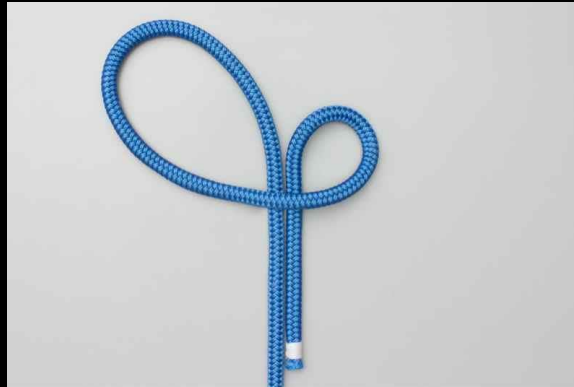
# Ashley Stopper Knot

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Ashley Stopper Knot Tutorial: [www.animatedknots.com/ashley-stopper-knot](http://www.animatedknots.com/ashley-stopper-knot)



Step 1



Step 2



Step 3



Step 4



Step 5



Step 6



Step 7



Step 8



# Assembling Fingers

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Fingertip Tendon Routing

PP (Proximal Phalange) Tendon Routing

Abduction Tendon Routing

Thumb Abduction Tendon Routing



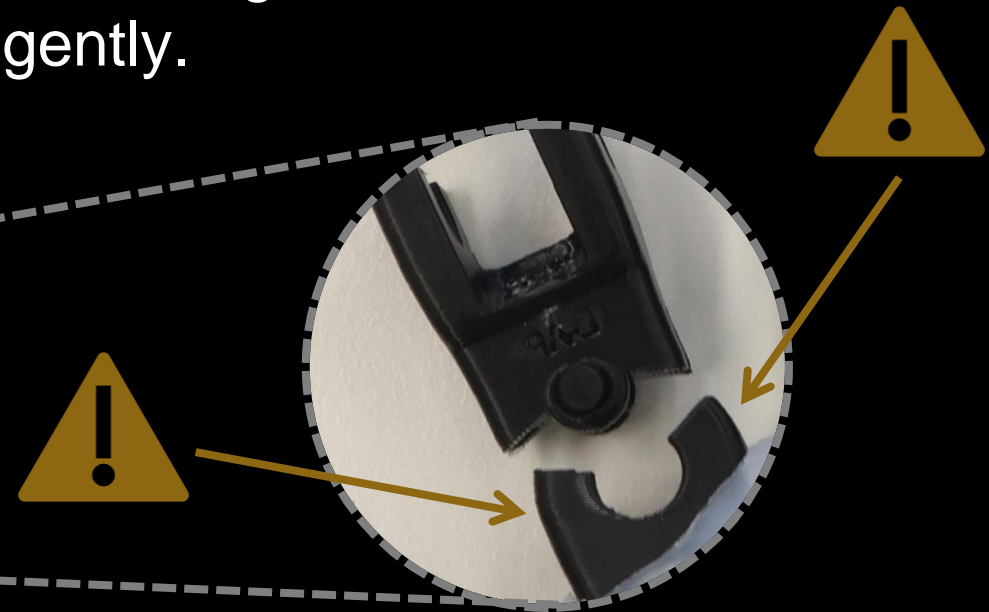
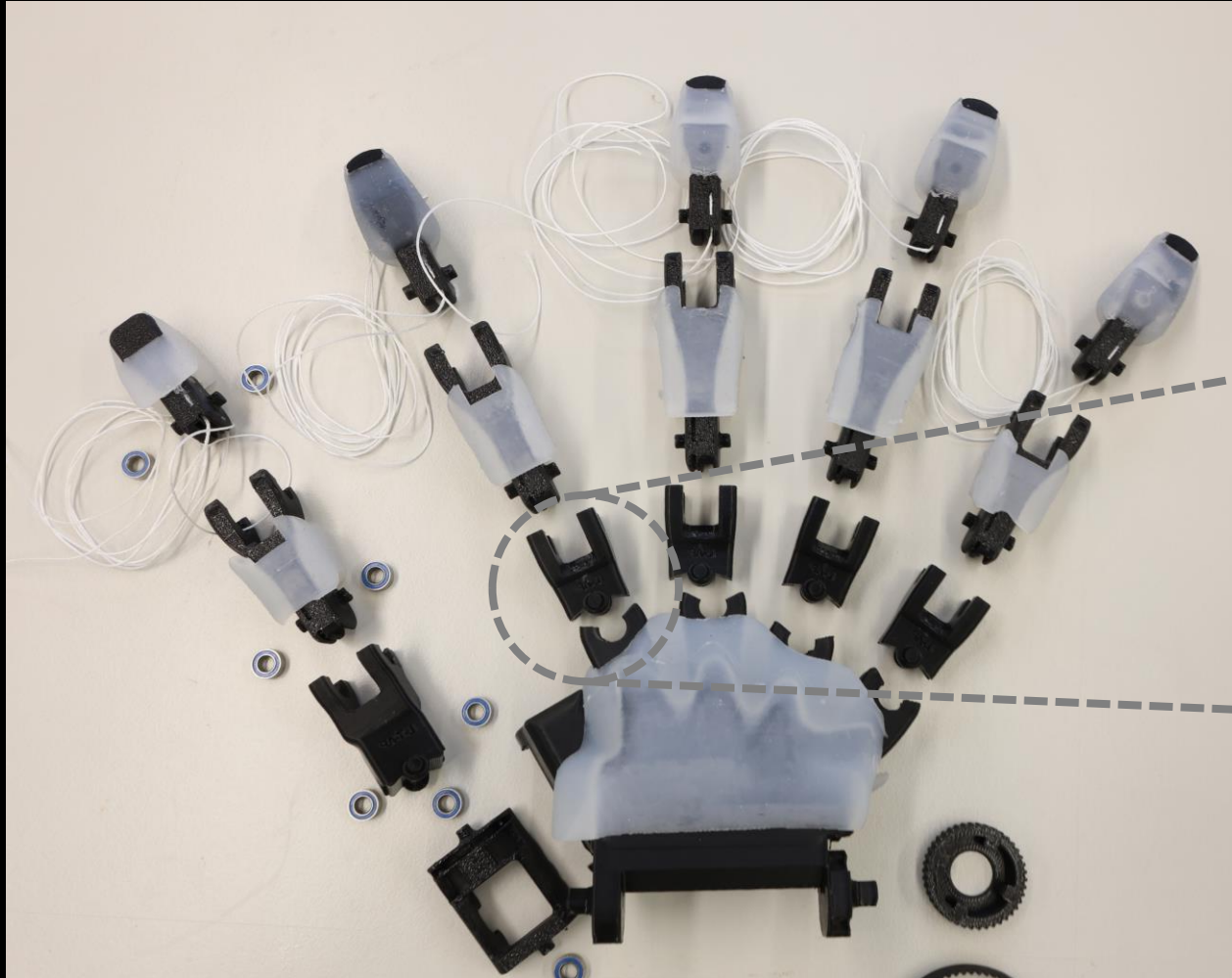
Double check tendon routing after assembling each finger



# Assembling Carpals

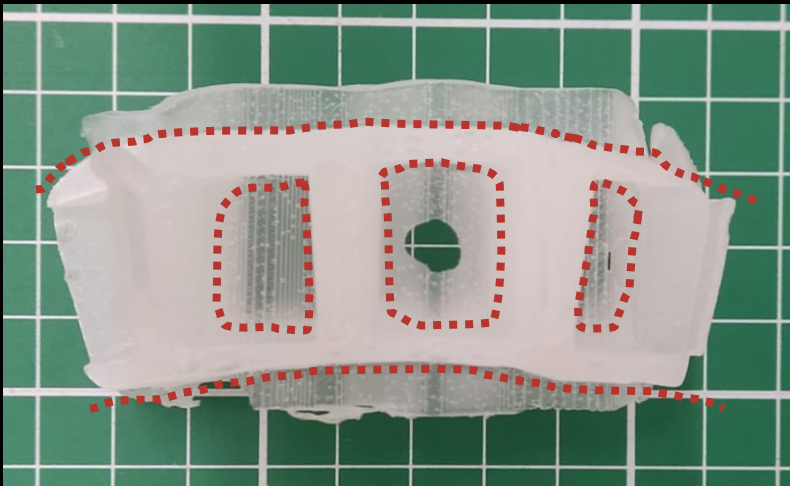
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Carpals at the index finger socket is fragile! Please insert index finger first and do it gently.



# Trimming Silicone Skins

Overview | Preparation | Dividing Tasks | Tips



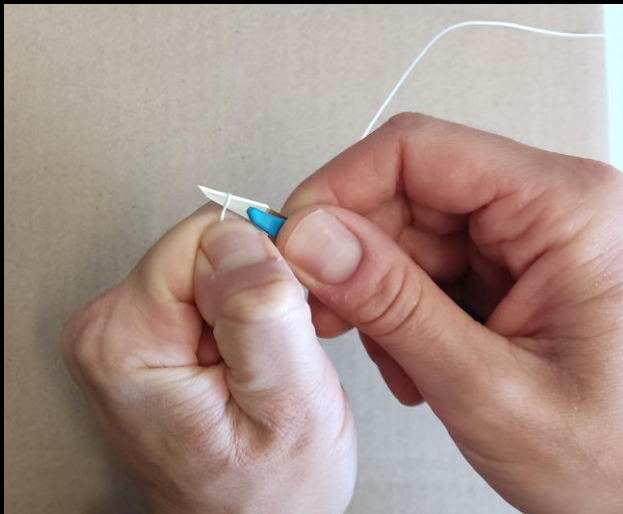
Trim excess silicone  
using the scalpel.  
Take care not to cut  
useful material.



# Step 00: Cutting Tendons

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Tendons need to be cut cleanly to be routed easily. Use the scalpel but be careful!



Clean cut



Make sure that the free tendon end remains intact during assembly. This ensures that the free end is firm and easy to route. Otherwise, it will get soft and will be difficult to route later.



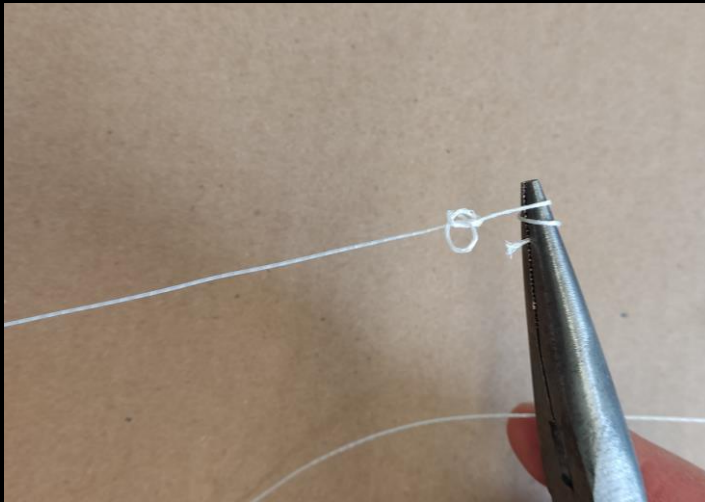
Frayed



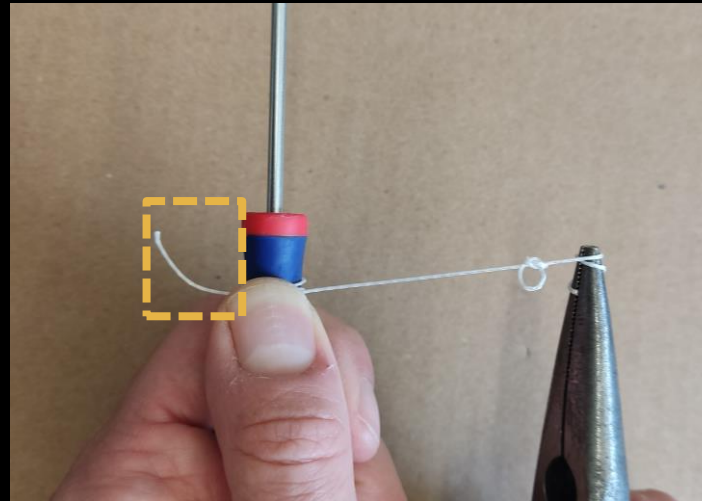
# Step 00: Tying Knots Firmly

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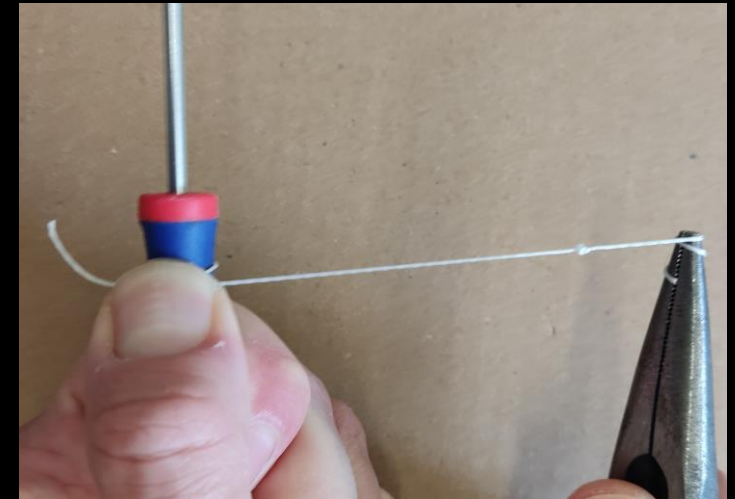
## Step 1: Grab the short end with pliers



## Step 2: Spool the long end on a cylindrical object (e.g. screwdriver)



## Step 3: Tighten firmly



Don't spool the free end of the tendon to keep it firm



# Step 00: Trimming Excess Tendons

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Some excess tendon is necessary to avoid knot un-tying over time



OK



Still OK



Too much



Too little



# Step 02: Fully Insert Pins in Phalanges

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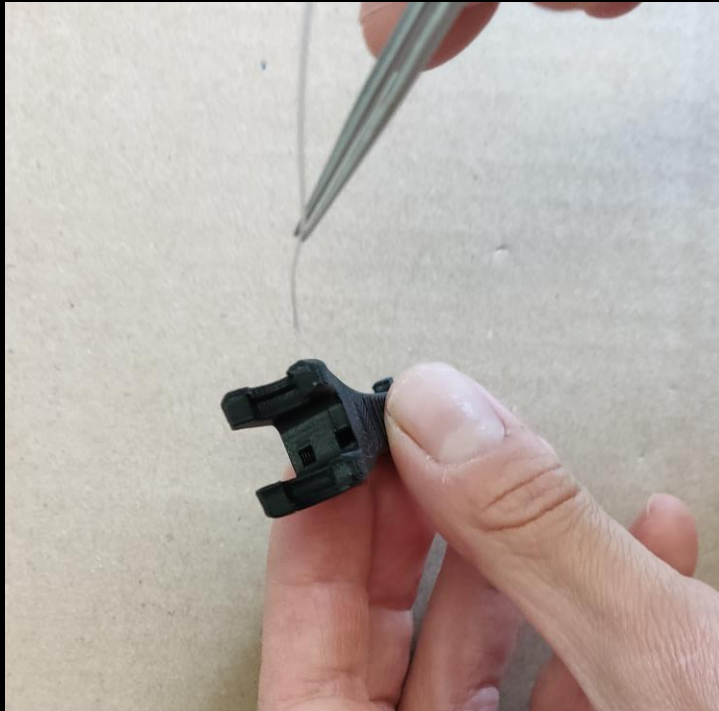


Use a screw  
bit to fully  
insert the pin

# Steps 01-07/10-11/17: Using Tweezers

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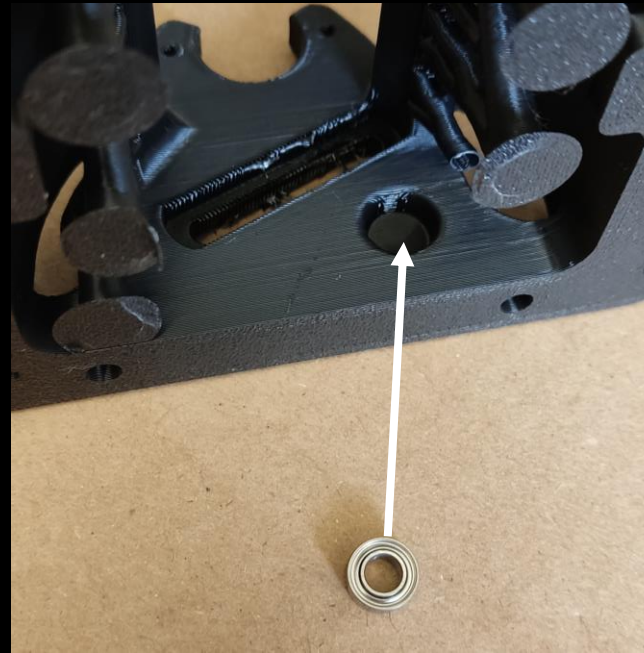
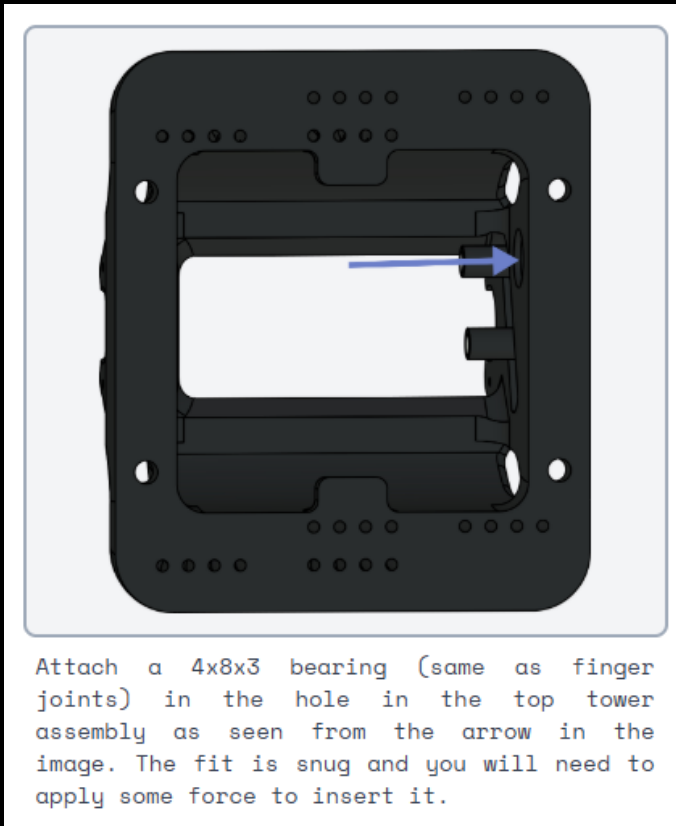
Using the tweezers can help you with tendon routing, especially when pushing tendons through the phalange pins (step 05)



# Step 14: Don't Forget the Wrist Pulley Bearing

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This is described on step 14, but bearing is missing from picture





# Step 14: Use PTFE instead of Idler Pulleys on Wrist Belt

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- Instead of using idler pulleys as shown on step 14, we will use PTFE tube
- Screw each tensioning screw in the thick PTFE tube and cut the excess

# Glue Fingertip Skin

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At the very end of the assembly, you will glue the fingertip skin on the fingertip phalange. This ensures that fingertips won't move during manipulation.

# Don't Hesitate to Ask

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If you have any questions or doubts, don't be shy - just ask :)